CHECKLIST FOR BIOFERTILISER CERTIFICATION SCHEME

All plants and processes that produce digestates from waste must have and operate in compliance with the relevant environmental authorisation. Digestates from AD plants which have not yet completed the certification process will be regarded as waste until full certification is achieved. All plants must be compliant with this checklist which is drawn from the PAS110 (2014), the Anaerobic Digestate Resource Framework (ADRF) or Anaerobic Digestate Quality Protocol (ADQP), BCS Scheme Rules Version 6.1, the 'BCS in Scotland' (SEPA's Regulatory Position Statement for Digestate – 'Regulation of Outputs from AD Processes' 2017)' document, and the BCS Position on Technical Requirements (version 4.1).

A. Site Details			
Company Name		BCS No.	
Site Address			
Contact Name		Contact number	
Anaerobic digestion process type and size			
Auditor		Audit Date	
Individuals responsible for:			
QMS			
HACCP			
Production			
Dispatch			
NOTE: If process is audited a	ngainst the ADRF, evidence of use of RPS 358 and/or RPS 317 exemp	tions being in effect sho	uld be provided to -and checked by- auditor.
B. Summary of information	about the site and current processes (continue on pages at end o	of this questionnaire if	more space is required)
Give a brief history /	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•	. ,
description of the AD			
company and indicate			
whether it is part of a Group			
or is an independent			
business.			

the site (e.g., isolated, rural) and security (e.g., fenced).	
Give a brief description of the AD processes to be certified. Attach process flow chart/s if available.	
Scope of AD processes / products to be certified? If not please explain and give details.	
C. Information on products	currently marketed, sub-contractors, approvals (continue on pages at end of this questionnaire if more space is required)
If digestate is currently marketed, please give details (type, total quantity, customers, purpose, value).	
Is there a copy of the PAS 110, ADRF / ADQP or 'BCS in Scotland' document on site and is it available to relevant staff?	
Are any processes sub- contracted to another company?	
If so, please give the contact name, company name, full address and tel. no. for all relevant sub-contractors.	
What relevant licences, accreditations, approvals do the company and any sub-contractor hold (e.g., waste management licence or exemption, animal by products licence)?	

D. Details of Inputs used (continue on pages at end of this questionnaire if more space is required)

Supplier Name:	Amount:	Product suitable for:

Ref:	Requirement:	Compliance:	Evidence		
Scheme F	Scheme Rules 4.2 (Scope of certification):				
Scheme Rules Section 4.3.1	The digestates and anaerobic digestion process is kept separate from any wastes kept and any other processes carried out at the same site.				
Scheme Rules Section 4.3.1	If only some digested materials are certified then there must be clear division of the storage and handling of the certified and non-certified materials on site, so as not to compromise the quality of the digested materials for which certification under the Scheme is sought or held.				
Scheme Rules Section 4.3.3	Ensure that all communications, documents records, and marketing materials are clear as to which digested materials have achieved certification.				
Scheme Rules Section 4.4.1	Every batch of digestate (or portion of production) produced must comply with PAS 110, the ADQP (if applicable), the ADRF (if applicable), SEPA's Position (if applicable), and the Scheme Rules. Non-conforming batches are only allowed under exceptional circumstances.				
BCS Position 12	Clear, written contingency plan for non-conforming batches required.				

Scheme Rules Section 4.4.2	CB to be immediately notified if digestate produced/dispatched fails to comply with Scheme requirements, including date production of compliant digestate stopped.	
Scheme Rules Annex 1	RPS 317 The Operator shall confirm to the Certification Body whether the site is operating using the EA RPS 317 for plastic contamination in output material.	
Scheme Rules Annex 1	RPS 358 The Operator shall confirm to the certification body whether the site is operating using the EA RPS 358 for storing compliant material on site.	
Scheme Rules Section 4.3.4	If more than one digestion process on a single site, notify to the CB the digestion process(es) that is/are operated according to the Scheme requirements, and not only keep each certified process separate from each other but also separate from any non-certified process or activity at the same site.	
	on a single site, all digestate derived from processes certified	

	under the Scheme shall be kept separate from any other digestate,		
	material, waste or any other		
	substance stored and/or treated at		
	the same site.		
Scheme	Rules 6.1 and 6.2 (Application proced	res and pre-requi	isites for application):
6.1.1a	The operator holds a valid planning	· · ·	
0.1.1a	consent/permission, if required by the relevant planning authority.		
6.1.1a	The operator holds a relevant valid authorisation to operate the anaerobic digestion activity (e.g. waste management licence, environmental permit or exemption) issued by the relevant regulator, or an exemption registered with the relevant regulator.		
6.1.1b			
0.1.10	If animal by-products are treated, the operator has obtained or is in		
	the process of obtaining approval is		
	in the process of obtaining approval		
	by the Animal & Plant Health		
	Agency to treat animal by-products.		
6.2.5	When (re)applying the operator		
	shall supply to the CB a copy of		
	each QMS document requested		
	section 4 Quality Management System	(QMS).	
4.1 Gene	eral:		
4.1.1	A QMS specific to a defined		
	digestion process and resulting		
	digested material output types		
	must be established and		
4.4.0	maintained.		
4.1.2	Digestates placed on the market		
	shall be one or more of whole		
	digestate, separated liquor or		
	separated fibre. Any of these digestate output types placed on		
	uigestate output types placed off		

	the market as conforming to PAS 110 shall conform to the requirements of this PAS.			
BCS Scotland 4	Scotland: no blending with any other materials such as digestates, composts, materials, products or additives is permitted.			
4.1.3	Senior management shall:			
4.1.3a	ensure sufficient resources (people, infrastructure, equipment, work environment) for establishment, implementation, maintenance and improvement of the QMS;			
4.1.3b	ensure responsibilities and authorities are defined, utilising at least a staff organogram and are communicated within the organisation;			
4.1.3c	establish quality policy for digested material produced under this QMS;			
4.1.3d	Communicate to the organisation that digested material produced under the QMS shall be fit for purpose;			
4.1.3e	establish appropriate communication processes within organisation and ensure communication takes place regarding effectiveness of QMS; and			
4.1.3f	conduct management reviews.			

Ref:	Requirement:	Compliance:	Evidence
4.1.4	Senior management shall appoint a	person with res	ponsibility and authority to:
4.1.4a	ensure QMS processes are established, implemented and maintained;		
4.1.4b	report to senior management on performance of QMS and any need for improvement; and		
4.1.4c	ensure promotion of awareness of customers requirements throughout the organisation.		
4.2 Quali	ity Policy:		
4.2.1	For each digested material type for	which PAS 110	conformance is claimed, or is intended to be claimed, the producer shall:
4.2.1a	check whether the digestate users have any additional requirements in addition to minimum quality requirement set out in PAS 110; and		
4.2.1b	Ensure the digestate is fit for purpose, including any extra quality requirements specified by user.		
4.2.2	The producer's quality policy shall in	iclude:	
4.2.2a	clear identification of the location of the digestion site, the type(s) of processes employed and digested material types produced;		
4.2.2b	for each digested material type for which PAS 110 conformance is claimed or intended to be claimed, the producer's commitment to achieving the corresponding minimum quality specified in 11.2 and 12.2; and		

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Ref:	Requirement:	Compliance:	Evidence
4.3 Comr	nunication, awareness, training and	competence:	
4.3.1	Quality policy and relevant parts of QMS must be communicated to all personnel whose activities affect digested material quality. Personnel made aware of the relevance and importance of their activities and how these contribute to the achievements of the commitments in the quality policy.		
4.3.2	Necessary competence for personnel performing work affecting digestate quality must be determined by senior management/QMS manager.		
4.3.3	Training, instruction and supervision for personnel, whose duties affect digestate quality, to ensure competency. QMS and HACCP training provided by formal training provider for competent person(s) with overall responsibility for QMS, who also is/are part of HACCP team.		
4.3.4	Training record kept for each persor	, including com	petent person(s) with overall responsibility for QMS shall include:
4.3.4a	training topic;		
4.3.4b	training date or period;		
4.3.4c	name and role of trainee;		
4.3.4d	person and organisation delivering the training; and		
4.3.4e	any certificate or qualification achieved.		
4.4 Docu	ments and document control:		
4.4.1	Documents appropriate to QMS must be established, used and subject to document control.		

4.4.2	Each internal QMS document in use must be current version approved by person with responsibility for document control. Each such document must be legible, available at relevant place(s) of use and include a:	
4.4.2a	title;	
4.4.2b	version number;	
4.4.2c	date of issue; and	
4.4.2d	name of person who issued it.	
4.4.3	Records generated by weighbridge system are exempt from 4.4.2 provided each weighbridge system record is assigned a unique record number.	
4.4.4	Any document of external origin in use within the QMS must be identified and its distribution controlled.	
4.4.5	Any obsolete document version must be removed from all places of use and where appropriate replaced with current revised and approved version. Any obsolete documents retained for any purpose must be identified as obsolete.	
4.4.6	Records specified within PAS 110 that demonstrate effective control of input materials, production and storage of digested materials must be maintained.	
4.4.7	The records are:	
4.4.7a	readily identifiable;	
4.4.7b	legible;	
4.4.7c	genuine;	
4.4.7d	collated and retrievable; and	

4.4.7e	stored in good condition for at least	
4.4.70	4 years.	
ADRF		
Section		
4.1.2		
	lents and accidents:	
4.5	All accidents and incidents that occur on site, known or suspected cause(s) and actions taken must be recorded. Need for preventative action considered, and action taken must be recorded.	
4.6 Comp	plaints and concerns:	
4.6.1	Necessary action must be decided and implemented in response to complaint/concern about quality or usability of digested material output types.	
4.6.2	The complaint record must include:	
4.6.2a	name and contact detail of complainant/person expressing concern;	
4.6.2b	specific subject of complaint/concern;	
4.6.2c	date and time received and to whom it was communicated;	
4.6.2d	nature and date(s) of any actions taken/checks carried out and by whom;	
4.6.2e	nature and date(s) of any response to complainant/person expressing concern; and	
4.6.2f	name of person who communicated response.	
Scheme	Rules 14.1 (Complaints):	
14.1.3	If receiving a product complaint about a digestate product, investigate that complaint, and if	

	necessary, take appropriate	
	action. Record all complaints	
	received and the action taken to	
	investigate it and any remedial	
	action taken.	
14.1.4	Notify the CB on receipt of any	
	product complaint, and once the	
	investigation has been carried out.	
14.1.5	On receipt of the complaint, the	
14.1.5		
	Operator is under a duty to take	
	steps to identify, locate, preserve,	
	and recover evidence. If the batch	
	of digestate under investigation is	
	dispatched to a Digestate	
	Customer and subsequently	
	returned to the site, this must be	
	quarantined and not re-processed.	
4.7 Interi	nal audit of the QMS	
4.7.1	Internal audit must be conducted	
	and recorded at planned intervals,	
	at least annually, to determine	
	conformance of QMS for	
	production of digestate that are fit	
	for purpose and that QMS is	
	effectively implemented and	
	maintained.	
4.7.2	Planned audit programme,	
	including status and importance of	
	processes and areas to be	
	audited, and results of previous	
	audits. Audit criteria, scope,	
	frequency and methods must be	
	defined. The selection of auditors	
	and conduct of audits shall ensure	
	objectivity and impartiality of the	
	audit process. Internal auditors	
	must not audit their own work.	

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4.7.3	Internal auditing must cover QMS procedures (and processes) including evaluation of digestate production process, relevant operating procedures and digested material quality. Also procedures relating to QMS responsibilities, human resources, training, infrastructure, customerrelated processes, data handling, communications and procedures for improvement of the QMS.	
4.7.4	Procedure defining responsibilities and requirements for planning and conducting audits, establishing records and reporting results must be established and documented.	
4.7.5	Necessary corrective action must be taken by the management responsible for the area being audited without undue delay to eliminate detected nonconformities and their causes. Follow up activities must include verification and recording of actions taken.	
4.8 Mana	gement review of the QMS	
4.8.1	Review of effectiveness of QMS and HACCP plan(s) by senior management.	
4.8.2	Formal recorded review must be undertaken at least once per year, or sooner if significant change before scheduled date.	
4.8.3	Inputs to each review include:	
4.8.3a	results of internal and external audits;	
4.8.3b	AD process performance;	
4.8.3c	quality of digestate - conformance to quality policy and fitness for purpose;	

4.8.3d	status of preventative and corrective action;		
4.8.3e	follow-up actions from previous management reviews;		
4.8.3f	continuing suitability of QMS - HACCP plan, CCP's, CL's and operating procedures – in relation to changing conditions and information;		
4.8.3g	any complaints and concerns and their outcomes; and		
4.8.3h	recommendations for improvements.		
4.8.4	Output from management review inc	lude any decision	ons and actions related to:
4.8.4a	improvement of QMS effectiveness including its procedures;		
4.8.4b	improvement of digested material quality as per customer/user requirements; and		
4.8.4c	resource needs.		
4.8.5	Production process must be revalidated where significant, nontemporary changes in input materials, production process management or required quality of digestate occur.		
	Significance and temporary/non- temporary nature of any change must be reviewed and recorded including justification for each decision.		
BCS Position 14	Notify the CB if any changes are made to the process including the QMS, HACCP, personnel, process, feedstock or equipment.		

4.8.6	Relevant digestate output types must be sampled and tested as appropriate for determining the effects of any significant,	
	temporary changes on	
	digestate(s).	

Ref:	Requirement:	Compliance:	Evidence				
PAS 110	PAS 110 section 5 Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) system						
5.1	HACCP study must be carried out, in accordance with the seven recognized principles, to all stages of the digestate production process, from input material receipt to digestate dispatch.						
5.2	Assessment must be carried out for all hazards associated with intended uses of the digestate output type(s) for which PAS 110 conformance is claimed, or intended to be claimed. Hazards to include:						
5.2a	pathogens and toxins that adversely affect human and animal health;						
5.2b	odours offensive to people living or working in close proximity to the location of use;						
5.2c	stones and any man-made particles that may damage equipment for handling, mixing or applying digestate, or blended materials that contain it; and						
5.2d	sharps that may adversely affect human and animal health.						
5.3	CCP's for each hazard must be identified and CL's of the control measure(s) at each CCP established.						
5.4	All whole digestate shall undergo the CCP(s) for each hazard applicable to whole digestate. Operating conditions must be monitored for any CCP's for whole digestate to ensure they are maintained within the CL's.						

5.5	Operating conditions must be monitored for any CCP's for separated fibre and separated liquor, for which PAS 110 conformance claimed, to ensure they are maintained within the CLs.	
5.6	Procedures must be established for verification that the HACCP plan, CCP's and CL's are under control and the HACCP system is working effectively. HACCP plan and related procedures documented and reviewed as part of QMS review, as in 4.8.	
PAS 11	0 section 6 Input Materials	
6.1	Input materials must be source segregated biowaste and/or biodegradable materials. Reasonable care shall be taken to avoid contaminated wastes, products or materials from becoming included with input materials. Packaged former foodstuffs, catering waste, other types of ABP and non ABP food waste only acceptable if non-biodegradable material removed prior to loading the digester.	
	Note to auditor: Evidence of reasonable endeavours to remove packaging may include i. Machinery in place that is capable of removing non-biodegradable packaging ii. A staff member competent in operating the machinery	

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	iii. Machinery is working			
	effectively and that a staff			
	member is responsible for			
	checking it regularly			
	iv. performance criteria for			
	the equipment are set and monitored frequently			
	performance criteria for			
	screens are set and			
	monitored frequently			
	vi. Regular servicing of the			
	machinery in line with the			
	servicing schedule			
BCS				
Position 9	Depackaging equipment must not			
	be designed to reduce particles			
	below 2mm.			
6.2	Written supply agreement in place			
	for each input material supplier unless source is from within			
	digestate producer's own premises			
	or holding.			
6.3	Supply agreement can be			
0.0	bypassed if input materials are			
	only from the digestate			
	producer's/co-operative's			
	premises/holdings and products of			
	digestion are used entirely within			
	the same digestate producer's/co-			
	operative's premises/holdings.			
	This could be in the other House Life			
	This exception is only allowed if input material from any source			
	outside the producer's premises			
	or holding is manure,			
	unprocessed crops, processed			
	crops, crop residues, glycerol			
	and/or used animal bedding that			
	has arisen within the premises or			
	holdings of the cooperative of which the producer is part.			
	which the producer is part.			

6.4	Animal bedding acceptable if it comes from a different holding provided it has not come into contact with livestock other than those on the digestate producer's holding. Such material shall not contain any non-biodegradable materials or residues of any toxic substances.	
6.2	Supply agreement must include:	
ADRF Section 4.2		
6.2a	type and specific source location(s) of material;	
ADRF Section 4.2	name and address of supplier and carrier	
6.2b	brief description of source type and associated process from which it arose;	
ADRF Section 4.2	Waste code in compliance with the environmental permit or exemption	
6.2c	description of its physical form;	
6.2d	criteria for acceptance – qualitative or/and quantitative;	
6.2e	any additional arrangements to remove or reduce physical contaminants or any other suitable content prior to shredding or digestion;	
6.2f	criteria to trigger input material rejection and procedure to deal with rejected material; Note to auditor:	
	Check that the individual responsible for checking has been trained and can identify a load that must be rejected.	

Ref:	Requirement:	Compliance:	Evidence
6.2g	requirement for duty of care on the supplier relating to quality control;		
6.2h	requirement that any significant change in input material must be notified producer before delivery; and		
6.2i	declaration that each input material is fit for purpose.		
ADRF section 2	Non-waste biodegradable materials are permitted as an input material		
2.2.2i ADRF section 2 ADQP 2.2.2ii	Waste materials must be source separated and listed in ADRF section 2 or Appendix B of the ADQP and not further restricted by the environmental permit.		
BCS Scotlan d 6	Scotland: steps must be taken to exclude potentially polluting or toxic materials or products from the feedstock including invasive plant species such as Giant Hogweed, Japanese Knotweed, Himalayan Balsam or toxic species such as Ragwort or Yew. No wastes from the leather industry, except EWC 04 01 01, 04 01 05, & 04 01 07,or sludge from sewage treatment processes can be used.		
ADRF Section 2 ADQP 2.2.2iii	Biogas plants taking APB material listed in Section 2 of the ADRF or appendix B of the ADQP must be carried out in accordance with animal by-products controls.		

Ref:	Requirement:	Compliance:	Evidence
ADQP 3.1.3	Records as detailed in Appendix F must be kept for a minimum of 4 years.		
6.5	Producer must ensure that suppliers understand the importance and requirements of the supply agreement.		
6.6, 6.7, 6.9 ADQP Append ix F	Records for input or rejected materia	al type:	
6.6a 6.9a ADQP Appendix F	input material type & EWC code;		
6.6b 6.9b ADQP Appendix F	source, place of origin (where known) & supplier;		
6.6c 6.9c ADQP Appendix F	amount;		
6.6d 6.9d ADQP Appendix F	date delivered/rejected;		
6.6e 6.9e ADQP Appendix F	acceptance or whether load (or part load) rejected listing reasons for rejection;		

6.6f 6.9f 6.7 ADQP Appendix F	delivery location on each input load, unless only one delivery location and it is identified in operating procedures or in QMS documentation; and	
ADQP Appendix F	Carrier of input material.	

Ref:	Requirement:	Compliance:	Evidence
6.8	Each delivery must be visually inspected at a location where there is no risk of cross-contamination except if it can't due to unacceptable risk to human health after practical measures have been applied.		
6.10	No requirement to record input material type, source and reason for rejection for periodic container loads of physical contaminants removed from numerous accepted input material deliveries that are sent to a disposal facility.		
AD Resou	urce Framework Section 3, when the	final product i	s not considered waste
ADRF Section 3.1	No PAS 110-compliant digestate product has been stored for more than 10 months.		
	Where multiple batches are stored without clear physical separation, the storage age shall be determined from the oldest batch within the aggregated mass since it was last fully cleared.		
ADRF Section 3.1	All PAS 110-compliant digestate is stored only on permitted land, unless it is exempt for one of the following three reasons		
ADRF Section 3.1	Valid supply contracts or sales orders cover the quantity of PAS 110-compliant digestate currently in storage on non-permitted land.		

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ADRF Section	The total quantity of the same product type currently stored	
3.1	supplied for use in the previous 12	
	months is equal to or greater than	
	the quantity of PAS110- compliant	
	material currently in storage on non-permitted land.	
RPS 358	The operator is holding a valid	
KF3 336	RPS 358 exemption for any PAS	
	110 material that does not	
	conform to section 3.1 of the	
	Anaerobic Digestate Resource	
	Framework.	
PAS 110 7	7.1 General	
7.1.1	Process steps to produce whole	
	digestate, separated liquor and	
	fibre fractions must be kept	
	separate from any other materials,	
	processes and stores on the same	
	site.	
7.1.2	The site, digestate production	
	system, storage and dispatch of treated and rejected materials	
	must be designed and managed	
	so there is a one way flow through	
	the system removing the risk of	
	risk of cross contamination of any	
	of the following: rejected material,	
	partially treated material, fully	
	treated whole digestate, separated	
	liquor or fibre. (Especially	
	important where heat exchanger systems are used.) <i>Digested</i>	
	material can be re-circulated	
	through the process.	
7.1.3	Any non compliant digestate	
	must not contaminate any	
	compliant material or any other	
	material on site.	

7.1.4	Each treatment/storage vessel/area must be clearly labelled and correspond with the production process and flow diagram.	
7.1.5	Each batch or portion of production must have unique code	
7.1.6	Digestate must be fully processed and have completed any minimum maturation and storage time before dispatch.	
7.2 Paste	eurization	
7.2.1	With the exception of AD processes approved by the competent authority under EU Animal by-product Regs which treat all materials to the approved standard, all processes shall include either: a) pasteurisation step of a minimum 70°C for an hour or b) equivalent treatment validated for efficiently reducing plant	
	pathogen indicator species.	
7.2.2	Input materials derived from a prior process that includes the minimum pasteurisation step above are exempt from 7.2.1	
BCS Position 13	Satisfactory evidence (such as HACCP and input supply agreements) must be provided to the auditor.	
7.2.3	Digested materials made only from manure, unprocessed or processed crops, crop residues glycerol, animal bedding arising within the producer's or cooperative's premises, and used entirely within the same premises	

	or holding are exempt from 7.2.1.
BCS Position 11	Must comply with the requirements of this position.
7.2.4	Animal bedding acceptable if from a different premise/holding provided it has not come into contact with livestock Other than those within the premise/holding. Such material must not contain any non bio-degradable materials or any residues of toxic substances that represent an unacceptable risk to humans, animals and environment.
7.2.5	Exception also for material listed in 7.2.3 digested with pasteurised material not originating from the operator's holding or co-operative on condition the digestate is used within the holding or co-operative's premises and is consistent with the holding or co-op's Animal Health Plan.
BCS Position 11	Must comply with the requirements of this position.

Ref:	Requirement:	Compliance:	Evidence		
7.3 Docun	7.3 Documents on process management, separation and storage				
7.3.1	A written operating procedure must	cover the followi	ng as a minimum:		
7.3.1a	written description and annotated flow diagram of the production system;				
7.3.1m	process management evaluation; and identification of process failures				
7.3.1 b, c	input material storage and reception area;				
7.3.1d	input material preparation (pasteurisation, cleaning, maceration);				
7.3.1e	the steps for producing digested material;				
7.3.1 f, n	the steps that are CCPs and their CLs with corrective action to be followed in the event of a deviation from CLs. Also corrective action for any other quality failure;				
7.3.1g	monitoring points and parameters monitored;				
7.3.1h	any applicable step for separating whole digestate;				
7.3.1i	storage for digestate types, storage conditions and min timescales;				
7.3.1j	any maturation step and storage for separated fibre;				
7.3.1k	any re-circulation of whole digestate or separated liquor;				
7.3.11	digested material sampling points;				

Ref:	Requirement:	Compliance:	Evidence	
7.3.1 o	dispatch of digestates from digestion facility;			
7.3.1 p	process inspection and maintenance from input to dispatch;			
7.3.1 q, r	procedures to be followed in the event of equipment failure. Accidents, incidents and a description of procedure for establishing the appropriate corrective action including unforeseen circumstances;			
7.3.1 s	vermin control; and			
7.3.1 t	a statement of the known or estimated throughput in the last 12 months.			
7.3.2	The producer shall record all actions taken relating to the operation of the AD process.			
PAS 110 s	section 8 Process equipment	<u> </u>		
8.1	Producer's document system must identify equipment required to maintain and monitor the process (could be included in the operating procedures documents).			
8.2	Producer's document system must state how often machinery is to be checked, how often and what contingency arrangements are in place. Results of checks must be recorded.			
8.3	All equipment used to manage and monitor the process must be maintained in good working order.			
PAS 110 s	section 9 Process monitoring – gen	eral – monitorii	ng is a planned sequence of measurements or observations to confirm good practice	
9.1.1	The producers document shall state	:		

9.1.1a	monitoring points, including which		
	are for CL parameters;		

Ref:	Standard:	Compliance:	Evidence
9.1.1b	parameters monitored and calculated e.g. temp. OLR, HRT;		
9.1.1c	monitoring methods;		
9.1.1d	monitoring and calculated parameter frequencies;		
9.1.1e	acceptable range of results for each monitored parameter; and		
9.1.1f	information that must be recorded.		
9.1.2	Producer must monitor process steps and keep monitoring records that include results, dates and identification of relevant monitoring points.		
PAS 110 s	section 10 Sampling of Digested Ma	terial (only out	put types intended to be sold as BCS compliant)
10.1.1	Each type of digestate (whole, separated liquor and separated fibre) requires sampling if they are to be dispatched as PAS 110 conforming.		
10.1.2	For all determinants, except		
10.2-10.4	stability, sampling shall be carried out after full treatment (including any separation) and when the digestate is ready for use. Each final sample shall be representative of the batch or portion of production. Process for producing a representative sample and timescale to be noted		
10.1.3	Sampling for the measurement of stability shall be carried out at a point between the end of the digestion process and dispatch from the site.		
BCS Position	Whole digestate can be sampled prior to separation and if this is done the other fractions need not		

10	be sampled and tested.	
10.5	Samples taken and test results obtained for ABP Regs only count towards compliance to PAS 110 if taken as required in clause 10, and is tested as required in 11.2 before validation, or as required in 12.2 after validation. The sample shall be taken at a time that corresponds with 10.2's, 10.3's or 10.4's respective criteria for digested materials	
10.6	The minimum time between taking each sample from a portion of the production shall be defined in the producer's QMS. Each sample shall represent a different portion of production.	

Ref:	Requirement:	Compliance:	Evidence
10.7	The laboratory shall be informed of the following and a copy kept for each sample:		
10.7a	sample date;		
10.7b	digestate type;		
10.7c	code for or reference to the sampled portion of production;		
10.7d	digestate facility name; and		
10.7e	name of person who carried out the sampling.		
10.8	The above applies to third parties taking samples.		
10.9	Samples tested must be tested in laboratories that have no conflict of interest with the producer.		
PAS 110 s	section 11 Validation		
11.1.1	The validation timescales must be sufficient for checks that any output types, for which conformance is claimed, meet the requirements.		
11.1.2	To validate the efficacy of the HACC	P plan and to ve	erify that the process is under control, the producer must:
11.1.2a	ensure the quality and proportions of input materials are within the plant design and operation parameters;		
11.1.2b	operate all CCPs within CLs;		
11.1.2c	check monitoring results, particularly at CCPs;		
11.1.2d	carry out corrective actions if deviations are beyond CLs;		

11.1.2e	identify cause when CCP operates outside CL or a quality failure occurs, and record the cause and corrective action taken;		
11.1.2f	send samples for validation as specified in 11.2;		
11.1.2g	check test results are within minimum requirements including additional requirements listed in the quality policy 4.4.2c;		
11.1.2h	change HACCP plan if the process is under control but not producing sufficient quality digestate; and		
11.1.2i	repeat a-g if h is carried out.		
11.1.3	Before validation, conformance claims only made to sampled portions that at least meet minimum requirements and additional commitments.		
11.2 Minim	num testing of the digested materia	l and quality re	equirements for validation
11.2.1 11.2.4	The process and any output types for which conformance is claimed shall be validated and the validation shall be recorded.		
11.2.2	For each parameter in PAS 110 Table 1 (Annex 3) the '3 most recent sample' test results must not exceed the upper limits.		
BCS Scotland 2	Scotland: the test results must also not exceed the upper limits of SEPA's additional quality standards in Table 1		
11.2.3	Exception to '3 most recent' requirement for ABP derived digestate if validated by competent authority/Animal Health vet for human and animal pathogens, provided samples are taken as in clause 10.		

11.2.4	For digested material from inputs		
	arising on the producer's/co-		
	operative's premises or holding		
	(made only from manure,		
	unprocessed crops, processed		
	crops, crop residues, glycerol		
	and/or used animal bedding), the		
	parameters set out in PAS 110		
	Table 2 must not be exceeded.		
11.2.5	Animal bedding may originate from		
	a different premise but must not		
	have come into contact with		
	livestock other than those within		
	the holding. The material must not		
	contain non-biodegradable or toxic		
	substances.		
11.2.6	Digested materials from inputs		
	originating within the		
	producer's/co-operative's		
	premises and used within those		
	premises, are exempt from human		
	and animal indicator species tests,		
	unless there is a risk they contain		
	human or animal pathogens.		
PAS 110	section 12 After validation		
12.1.1	The producer must continue to moni	tor and evaluate	the process efficacy by:
12.1.1a	maintaining operations within CLs		
12.7.14	for each CCP;		
12.1.1b	monitor and record conditions and		
12.1.10			
	management as specified in		
	clause 9;		
12.1.1c	test samples as specified in clause		
	12.2;		
12.1.1d	checking the test results and		
	additional specifications comply		
	with 12.2 and any commitment in		
	the quality policy;		

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12.1.1e	taking corrective actions if CCPs are outside CLs, sample fails test or any other occurrence that may cause quality failure; and		
12.1.1f	identify cause when CCP outside CLs or quality failure occurs. Record the cause and actions taken.		
12.1.2	If quality has been adversely affected a sample of the portion of production shall be taken and tested for determining the efficacy of the corrective action.		
12.2 Minim	num testing of the digested materia	l and quality re	quirements after validation
12.2.1	Minimum frequencies for testing representative samples of digestate after validation shall be applied as presented in table 4.		
12.2.2	For each parameter in PAS 110 Table 3 the '3 most recent' sample test results must not exceed the upper limits.		
BCS Scotland 2	Scotland: the test results must also not exceed the upper limits of SEPA's additional quality standards in Table 1		
ADRF Section 3.3	The maximum allowed concentration of plastic in the digestate is 8% of the total physical contaminants (ex stones) in Table 1 of PAS110 unless the operator is except under EA RPS 317		
12.2.3	Exception to '3 most recent' requirement for ABP derived digestate if validated by competent authority/Animal Health vet for human and animal pathogens, provided samples are taken as in clause 10.		

12.2.4	For digested material from inputs arising on the producer's/co-operative's premises or holding, listed in 12.2.4, the parameters set out in PAS 110 Table 5 must not be exceeded.		
12.2.5	Animal bedding may originate from a different premise but must not have come into contact with livestock other than those within the holding. The material must not contain non-biodegradable or toxic substances.		
PAS 110	section 13 Actions in the event of te	est failure	
13.1	If a tested sample fails any limits specified in 11.2 the producer must either dispatch as nonconforming material or take action and gain evidence of conformance to PAS 110 before dispatching.		
13.2	Any testing of failed portions of production must correspond with failure parameters, see 10, 13.4 and 13.5.		
13.3	If a sample (whole digestate or liquor) from a storage tank fails a test and the producer takes corrective action, an additional portion may be added to the tank and mixed, then sampled. The test result must then be taken into account for compliance.		
13.4	If a sample of separated fibre fails a test, the portion must be resampled before any other portion of fibre is added to it. Its stability and pathogen test results must not be taken into account for compliance.		

13.5	After validation if any sample fails any limits in 12.2, but the batch has been dispatched prior to receipt of the results, the producer must inform any customer and the regulator and/or competent authority of the nature of the failure.		
13.6 13.7	Before and after validation, any test result pass described in 13.4 or 13.5 will be regarded as the 'first' of the '3 most recent' sample test results. The additional production must be sampled and tested promptly.		
PAS 110	section 14 Dispatch, labelling, mark	ing and use of d	igestate.
14.1.1	The producer must record the:		
	amount;		
	type;		
	date; and		
	location of where any digestate is used on their own premises or holding. Where digestate has been exempted from pasteurisation requirements related to production within a cooperative, then those receiving such digestate shall be notified of the omission in writing, and agree in writing that the digestate is of sufficient quality for their purpose.		
ADQP 2.2.4 4.4.1	Quality digestate must be destined for: a. Agriculture, forestry and soil/field horticulture and/or		

	b. Land restoration		
	(separated fibre only).		
BCS	Scotland: the digestate must be		
Scotland	used without requiring any further		
8	processing or recovery operations.		
ADQP	Good practice must be followed so		
4.1.2	quality digestate will not pose an		
4.2.1	adverse risk to human health or the		
4.2.2	environment in the quantities and		
	frequencies at which they are likely		
	to be applied and does not		
	compromise the future sustainability		
	of the soil to which they are applied.		
	Must be able to demonstrate that		
	full account has been taken of any		
	environmental impact resulting from		
	its use		
BCS	Scotland: There must be certainty		
Scotland 9	of use for dispatched material.		
	PAS110 certified digestate in		
	intermediate storage will be		
	regarded as a waste.		
14.1.2	The following shall be supplied to an	y customer of d	ligestate conforming to PAS 110:
ADQP			
3.2.1,			
ADQP			
3.2.3, and			
ADQP			
Appendix G			
14.1.2a	producer name and contact		
	details;		
14.1.2b	digestate process address or		
	code;		

14.1.2c	statement of whether whole digestate, separated liquor or separated fibre is supplied;			
14.1.2d	if separated, statement of the separation equipment and size of apertures;			
14.1.2e	typical characteristics or lab results;			
14.1.2f 14.1.2g	if from ABP material, a statement saying that it contains or consists of treated ABP material and a warning to comply with ABP regs; and a statement "Conforms to PAS110:2014".			

Ref:	Requirement:	Compliance:	Evidence
ADRF Section 4.3	Guidelines and conditions for use: - must comply with ABP regulation where appropriate - must be used, stored and handled in accordance with good practice guidelines - must not be blended with any waste material		
ADQP 3.2.3 & QP Appendi x G	Guidelines and conditions for use: - for use solely in designated market sector - must comply with ABP regulation where appropriate - must be used, stored and handled in accordance with good practice guidelines - must not be blended with any waste material		
BCS Position 15	If supplied to a contractor, clear terms and conditions for product usage and storage shall be supplied with a declaration to be signed by the contractor.		
ADRF Section 5.3	The operator shall demonstrate that a Nutrient Management Plan (NMP) is in place for all digestate dispatched to agricultural or horticultural land. Where digestate is supplied via a third party, the operator shall obtain and retain evidence that the intermediary has		

	confirmed a valid NMP is in		
	place for each end-use site.		
	The auditor shall verify that: -		
	Documentation (e.g. signed		
	declarations, contract clauses,		
	delivery note annotations)		
	confirms the existence of an		
	NMP The NMP is relevant to		
	the land use and digestate		
	characteristics Records are		
	traceable to individual		
	consignments. The absence of		
	a documented NMP for		
	digestate dispatched to land		
	shall be considered a non-		
	conformance.		
ADQP	Where digestate is intended for		
3.2.2	producers use, supply documents		
	are not required		
14.1.3	Separated fibre supplied for		
	amateur horticulture/domestic use		
	is exempt from 14.1.2 e. (lab		
	results)		
ADRF	The supply documents must		
Section	include a declaration that the		
4.3	product meets PAS110, ADRF		
	and any additional customer		
44.4.4	requirements		
14.1.4	The producer shall make and keep a	copy of the foll	owing for each consignment:
ADQP			
Append			
ix F &			
G	customer name and contact		
14.1.4a			
	details or code and delivery address;		
14.1.4b	quantity by weight or volume;		
14.1.4c	date of dispatch; and		
14.1.5	•	er shall include	the typical characteristics or relevant lab test results, which must include:
17.1.0	information supplied to each custoff	or origin infolute	the typical origination of relevant lab test results, which must include.

14.1.5a	PTE concentrations;		
14.1.5b	pH;		
14.1.5c	total nitrogen;		
14.1.5d	total phosphorous;		
14.1.5e	total potassium;		
14.1.5f	ammoniacal N (NH ₄ - N);		
14.1.5g	dry matter (total solids); and		
14.1.5h	loss on ignition (volatile solids).		
Scheme F	Rules 9.1 (Use of the conformity man	rks):	
9.1.1	The conformity mark shall only be used in clear association with the certified anaerobic digestion process and digestate(s).		
9.1.2	The conformity mark may only be used in conjunction with the certified digestates and only in association with the Operator's name shown on the certificate.		
9.1.3	Where the conformity mark is displayed on a digestate product, it must also be accompanied by at least the BCS number. The mark may only be used in the form and colour as it is supplied. Any changes to the marks must request permission and obtain approval from REAL.		
Annexes 1-4	The above consent, in so far as it applies to use of the conformity mark, is limited to using the entire designations "PAS 110 PRODUCT ENGLAND / SCOTLAND / NORTHERN IRELAND / WALES" (whichever is applicable to the scope of certification) and to using the appropriate conformity mark in an identical form to that supplied by		

	REAL. The consent is specific to the Operator's certified digestate output(s) and anaerobic digestion process and shall not be transferred or licensed to any other business.
9.1.5	Invoices, delivery dockets or other documents relating to certified digestates may state that the product is certified under the Scheme and display the Scheme conformity marks, if it also states the BCS number and name and the address of the AD facility, along with the name of the CB. These documents must make it clear which products are certified and which are not.
	Must not use (or authorise or license others to use) the logo in any way outside the scope of the above consent unless first obtaining
Scheme	REAL's written authorisation. Rules 8.2 and 13.1 (AD operators' information):
8.2	Inform the certification bodies when any changes are made in relation to: a) mailing addresses; b) person or contact details of the person responsible for complying with the scheme; c) person or contact details of the person that is responsible for digestate sales or related contact details; and d) any other details relevant to this Scheme.
13.1.1	The operator shall record waste recovery returns data and other

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	data for reporting to the CB, which
	shall include:
	a) the tonnage of waste
	dispatched from site
	annually (e.g., as
	contaminants)
	· ·
	b) the tonnage of certified
	digestate per output (e.g.
	tonnage of separated fibre
	and tonnage of separated
	liquor)
	c) the markets that each
	certified digestate output is
	supplied to, and
	d) the number of product
	complaints received since
	the last inspection and the
	nature of each complaint
	(e.g., plastic contamination)

Additional Comments: